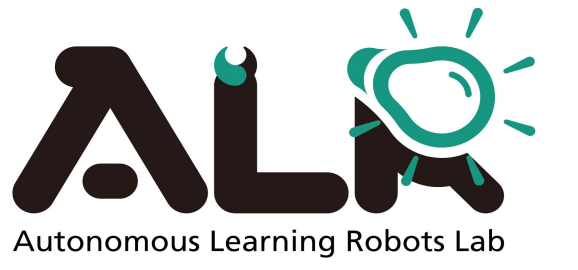




Project Page

# Adaptive World Models: Learning Behaviors by Latent Imagination Under Non-Stationarity

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## Motivation

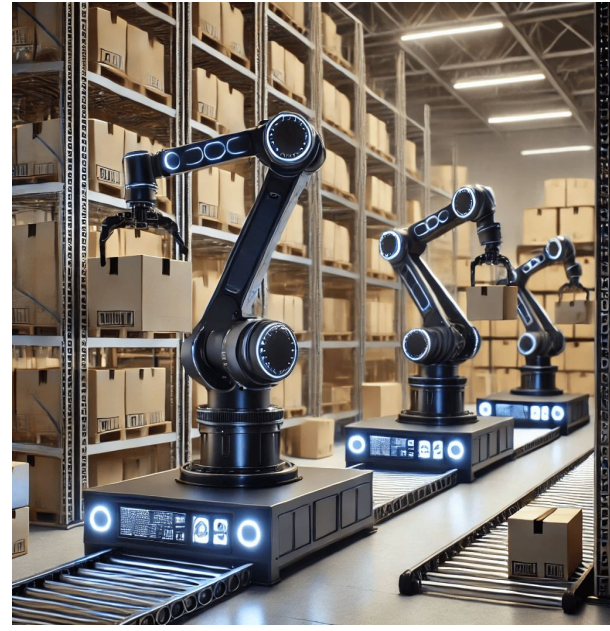
Dreamer-series world models achieve SOTA-results on **narrow, stationary tasks**

- Can they **model changing environments**?
- Can we use them to **infer adaptive behaviors**?

**Dynamics changes:**  
Wind Friction



**Dynamics changes:**  
Mass and inertia



**Objective changes:**  
Multiple Skills



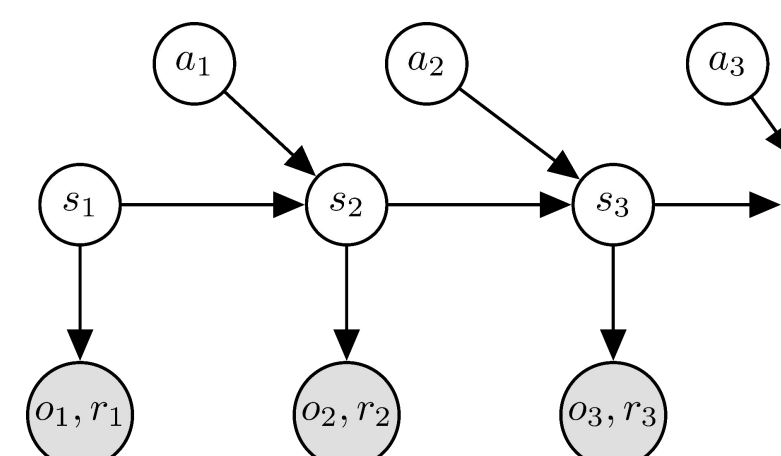
## Non-Stationary RL Formalisms

**POMDP:**

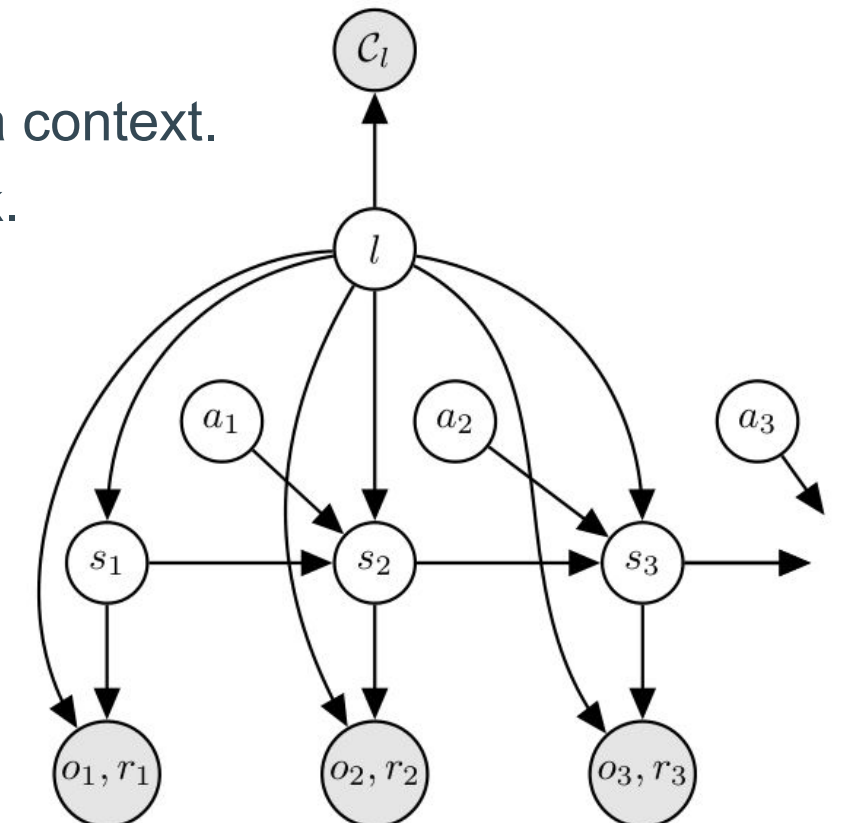
- **Assumption:** Environment is stationary, changes arise due to missing information.
- **Problem:** Joint encoding of state and task in a single latent variable.

**HiP-POMDP:**

- **Assumption:** Environmental components evolve over time.
- **Solution:**
  - **Introduce inductive bias.** Separate latent variables for task and state.
  - **Two-stage inference:**
    - 1) Infer a task representation from data context.
    - 2) Infer latent state conditioned on task.

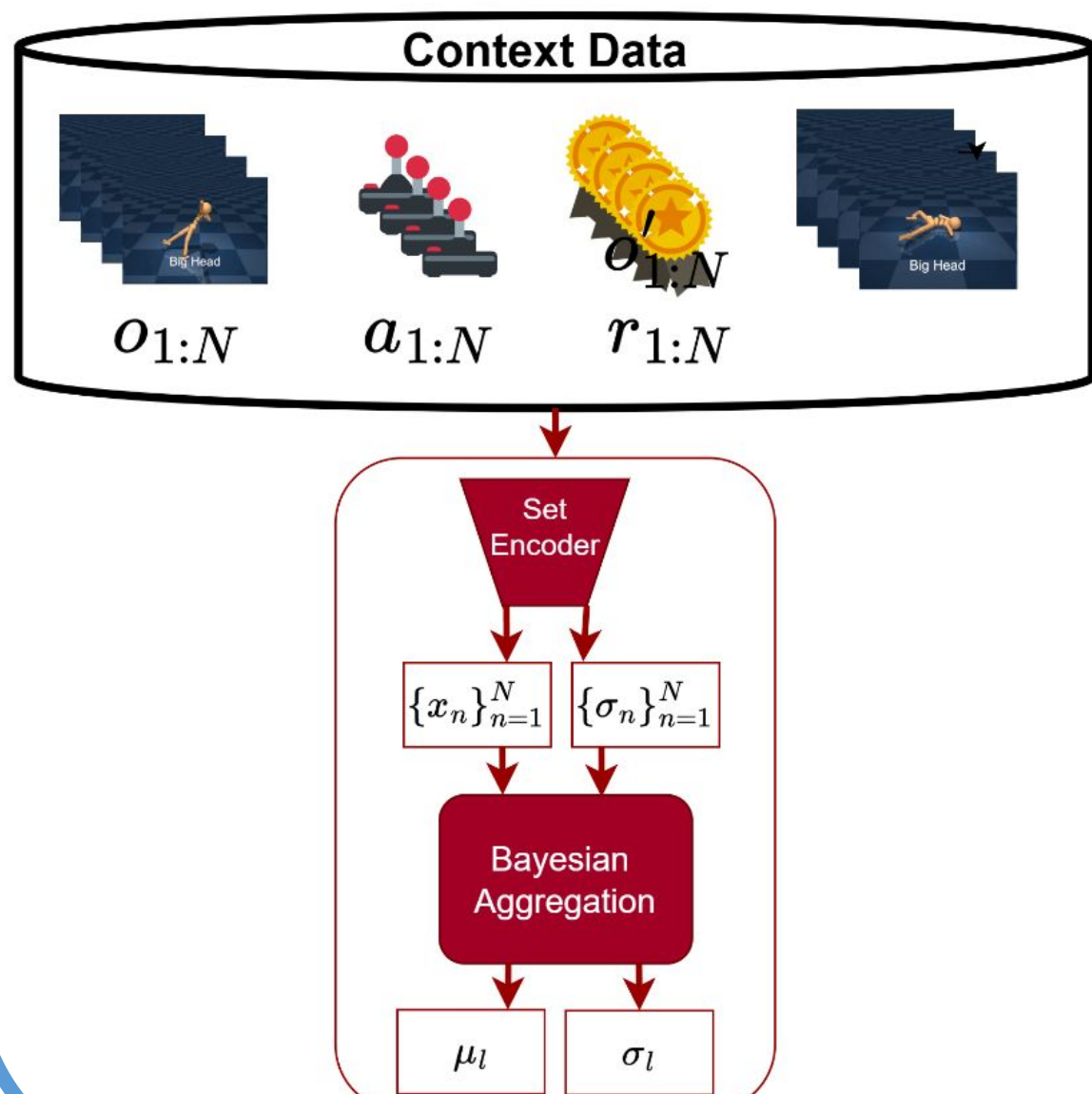


POMDP

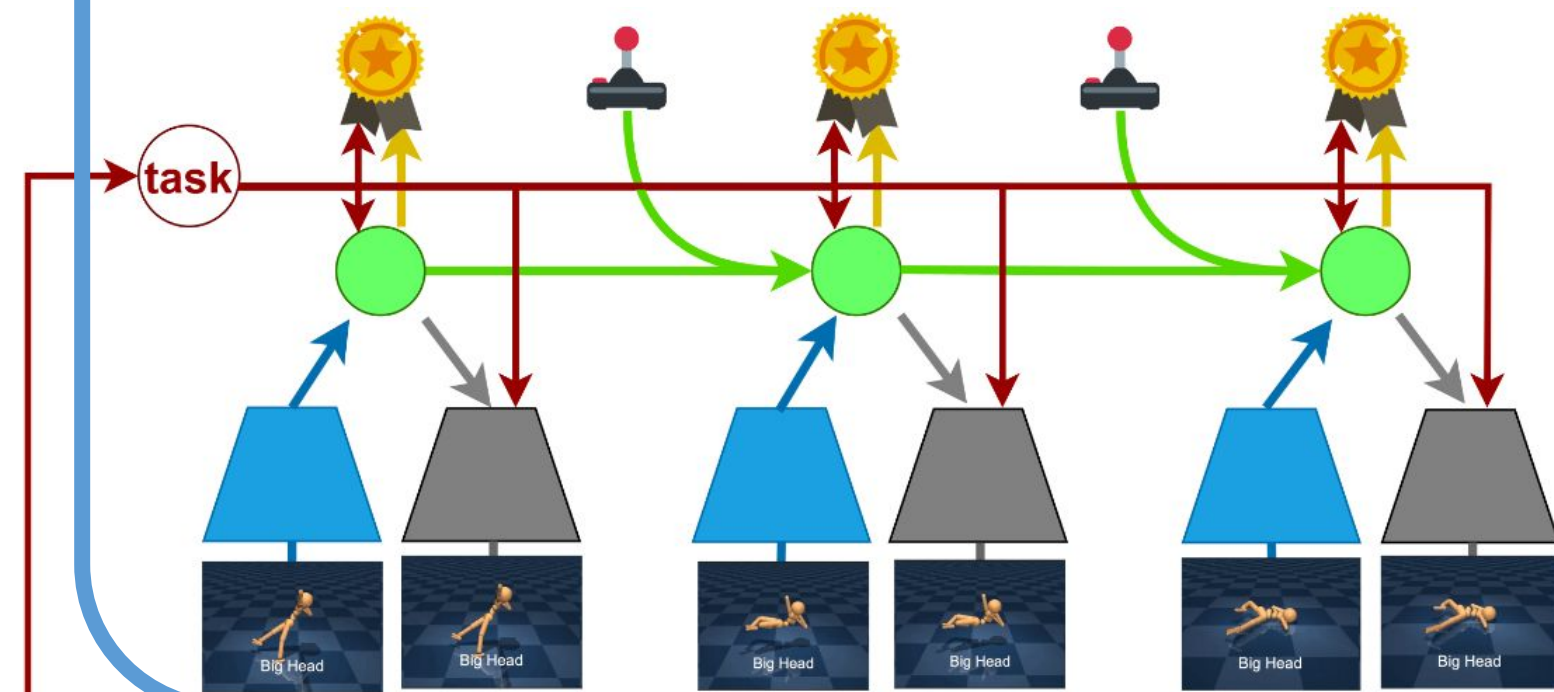


HiP-POMDP

## Infer Task Belief



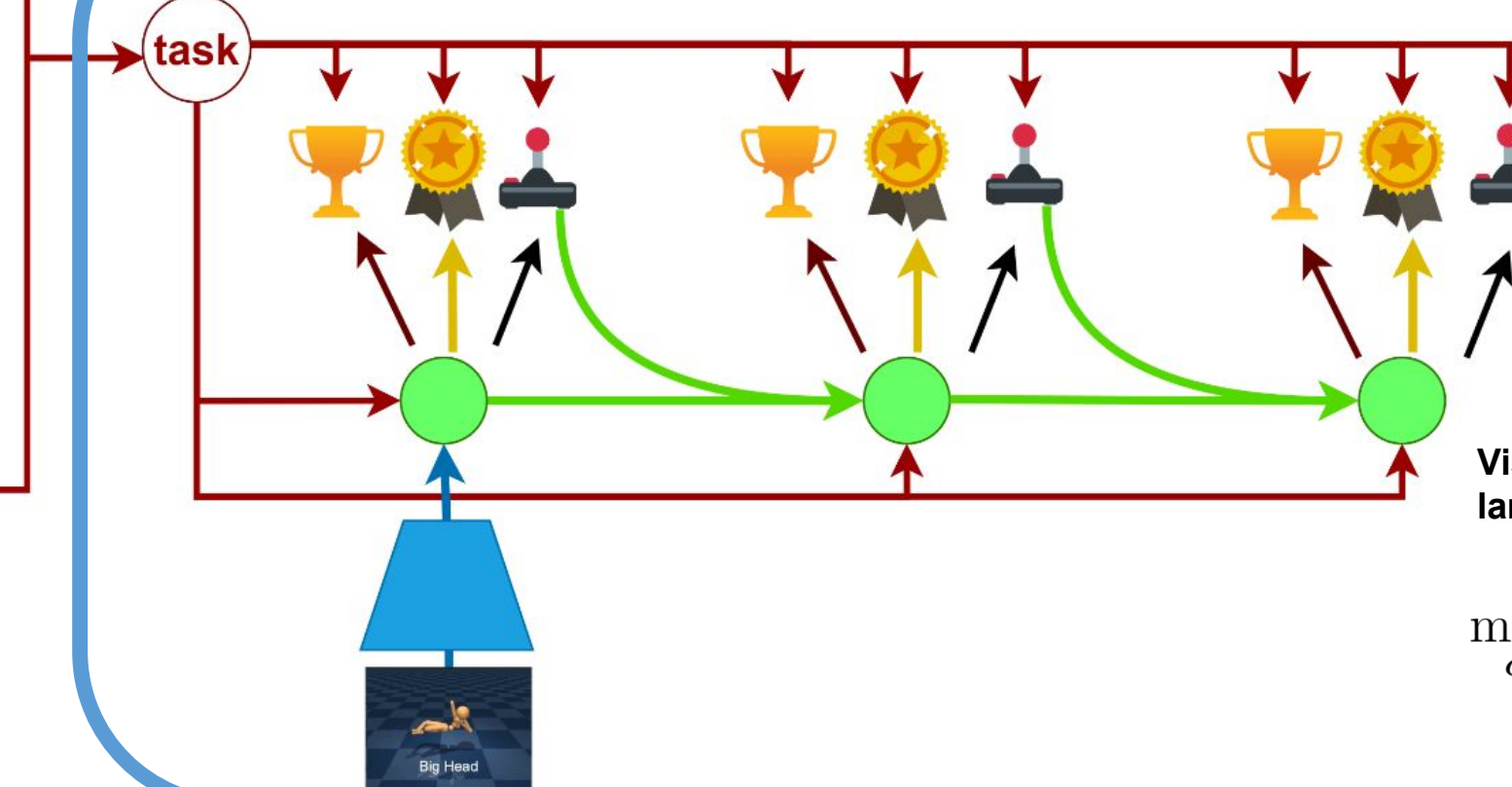
## Learning Adaptive Representations



**Task-conditioned ELBO:**

$$\ln p(o_{1:T}, r_{1:T} | a_{1:T}, C_l) \geq \sum_{t=1}^T \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{p(l|C_l)q(s_t|o_{\leq t}, a_{\leq t}, l)} [\ln p(o_t, r_t | s_t, l)]}_{\text{Reconstruction Term}} + \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{p(l|C_l)q(s_{t-1}|o_{\leq t-1}, a_{\leq t-1}, l)} [\text{D}_{\text{KL}}(q(s_t | o_{\leq t}, a_{\leq t}, l) \| p(s_t | s_{t-1}, a_{t-1}, l))]}_{\text{Regularization Term}}$$

## Learning Adaptive Behaviors

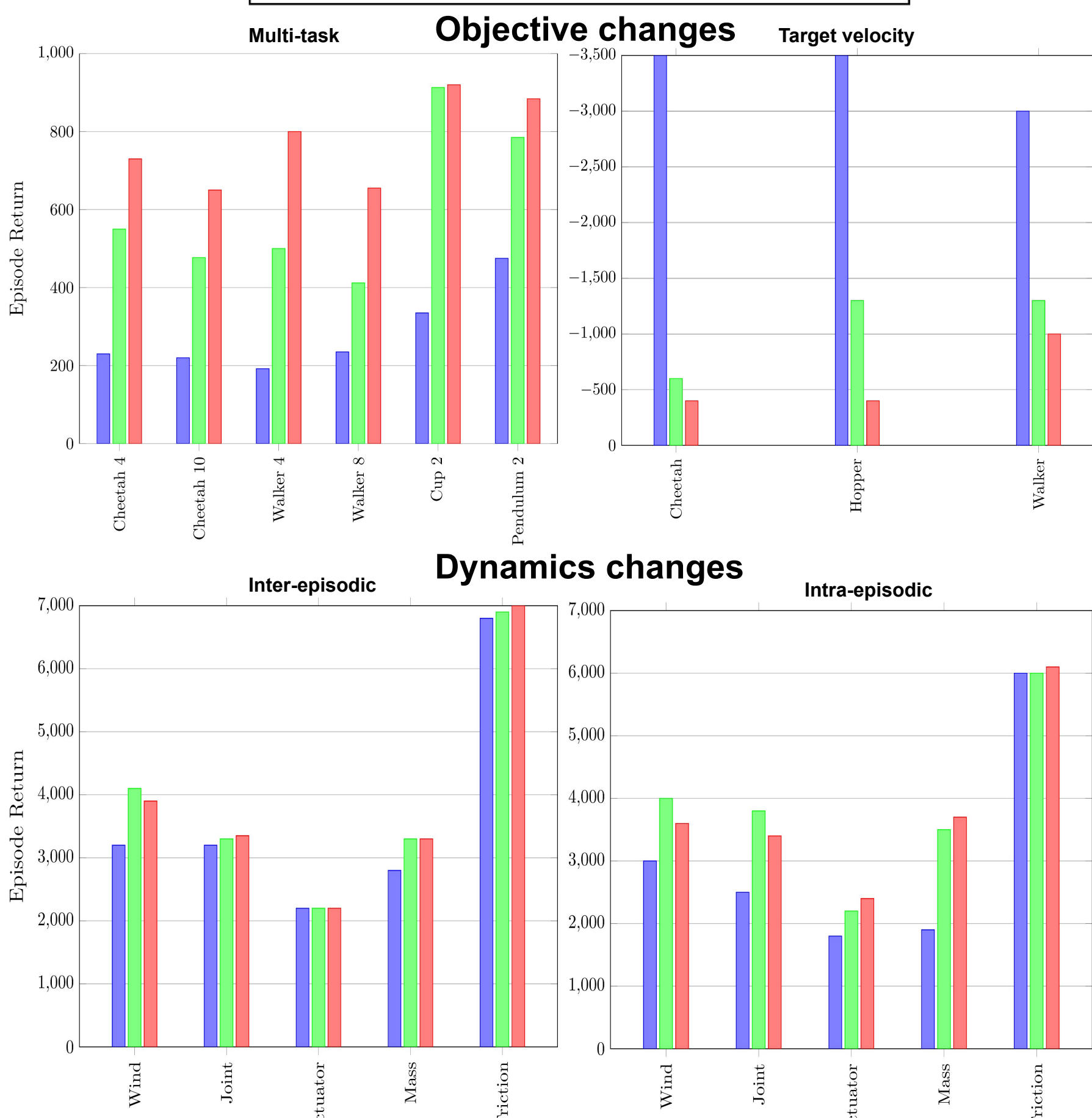


Visit states with high **task-conditioned lambda returns**: **Bellman consistency:** Regress **task-conditioned lambda returns**

$$\max_{\phi} \mathbb{E}_{q_{\theta}, \pi_{\phi}} \left( \sum_{\tau=t}^{t+H} V_{\lambda}(s_{\tau}, l) \right) \min_{\psi} \mathbb{E}_{q_{\theta}, \pi_{\phi}} \left( \sum_{\tau=t}^{t+H} \frac{1}{2} \|v_{\psi}(s_{\tau}, l) - V_{\lambda}(s_{\tau}, l)\|^2 \right)$$

## Evaluation

Legend: DreamerV1 (blue), Ours (green), Oracle (red)

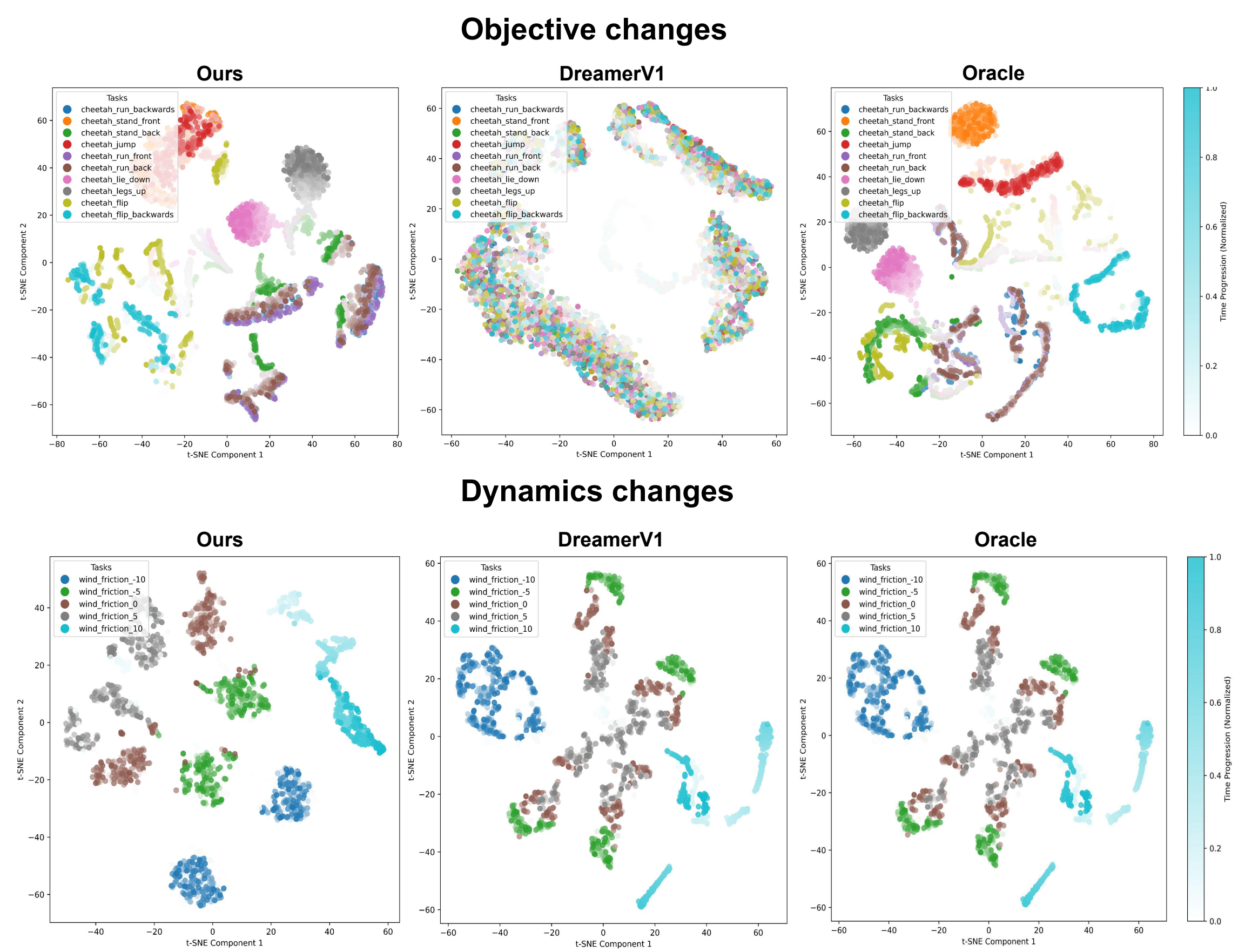


**Observations:**

1. All agents adapt under dynamics changing scenarios.
2. DreamerV1 fails under all objective changes.

**Takeaway:** Additional inductive bias aids agent adaptation under all environmental changes.

## 2D Latent State Space Projections



**Observations:**

1. Latent space is task-aware clustered across all agents under dynamics changes.
2. DreamerV1 fails to organize its latent state space by task under objective changes.

**Takeaway:** Take-awareness in the latent space improves agent performance.